

Social Experimentation in Action

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Director

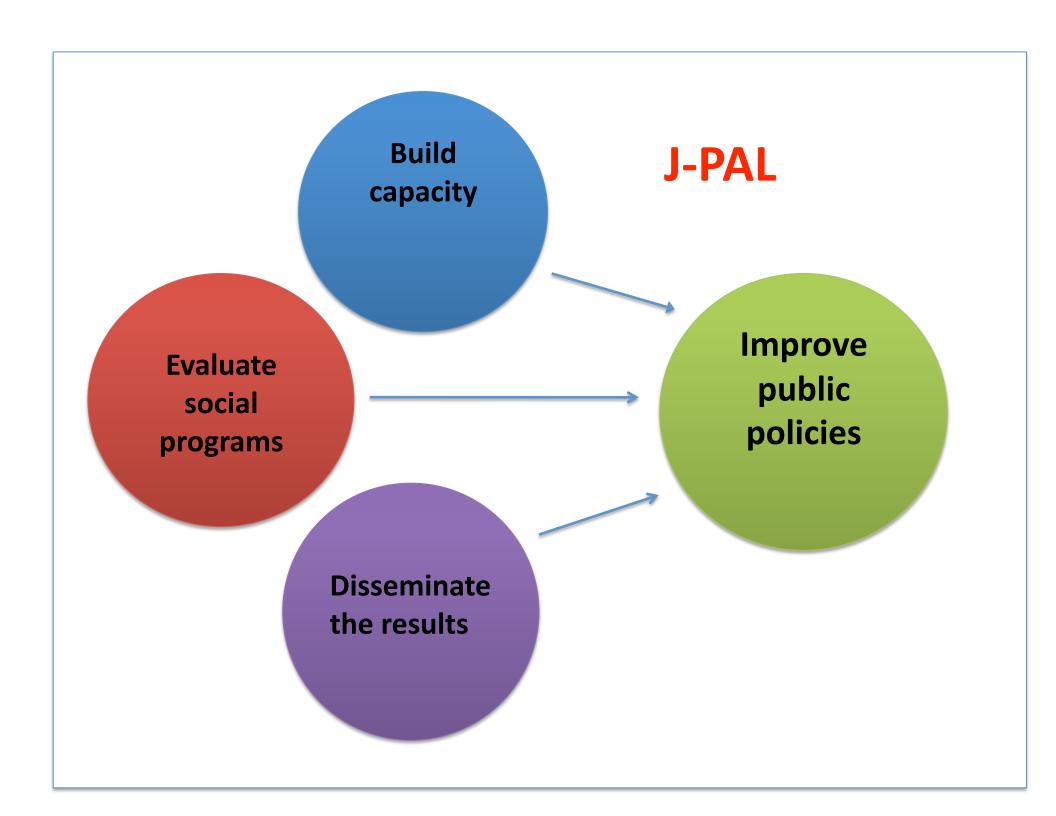
J-PAL Europe

J-PAL Europe, EESC - Brussels - May 18, 2011

J-PAL: Jameel Poverty Action Lab

- A network of researchers at universities around the world
- Focused on randomized evaluations
- Founded in 2003 by Esther Duflo and Abhijit Banerjee, MIT Professors of Economics





J-PAL today: 5 offices & 56 affiliates



Why randomized evaluations?

- Rigor: producing clear results, easy to communicate
- Lesson learning: finding the most effective program to achieve a policy goal
- Accountability: giving donors and policy makers evidence to select better programs



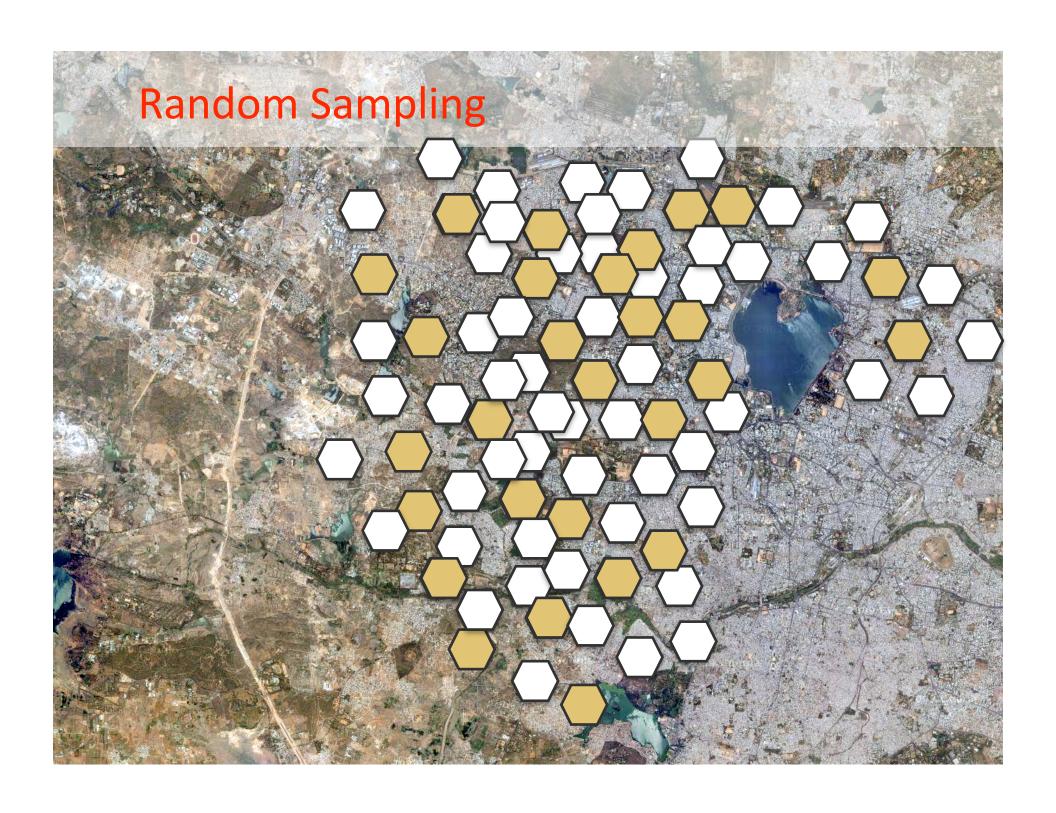
Improve public policies

How impact differs from process?

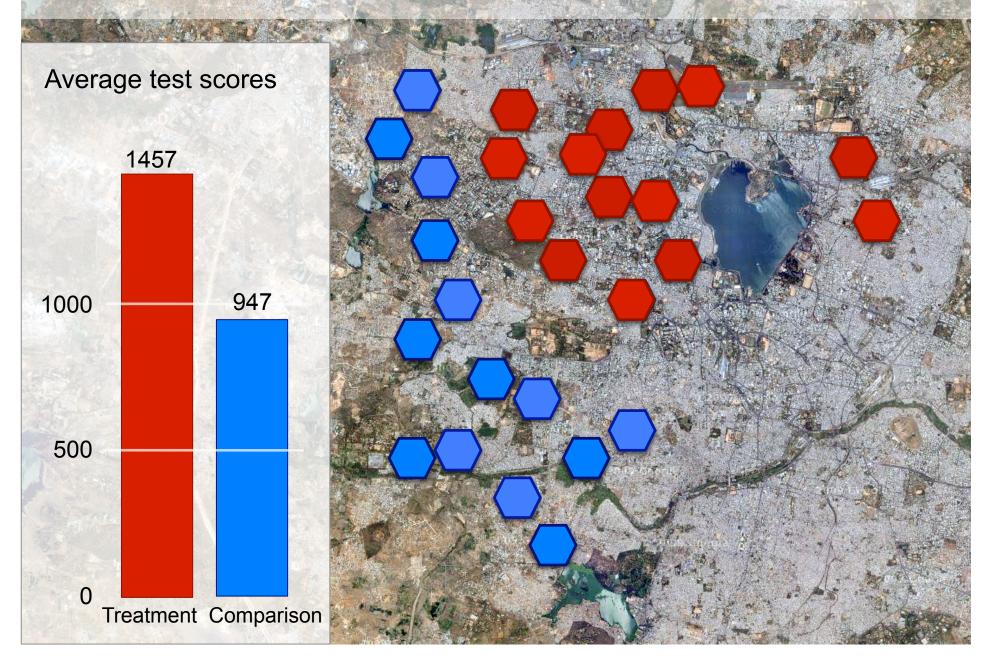
- When we answer a process question, we need to describe what happened.
- When we answer an impact question, we need to compare what happened to what would have happened without the program

How determine the "impact"?

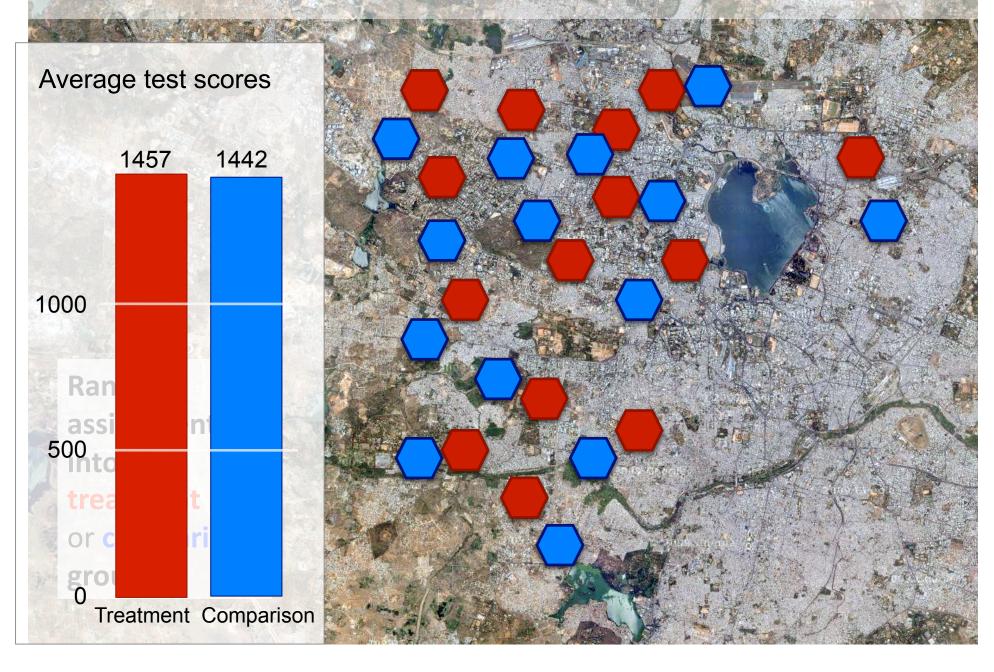
- What would have happened in the absence of the program?
- Take the difference between what happened (with the program) ...and
 - what would have happened (without the program)
 - = IMPACT of the program



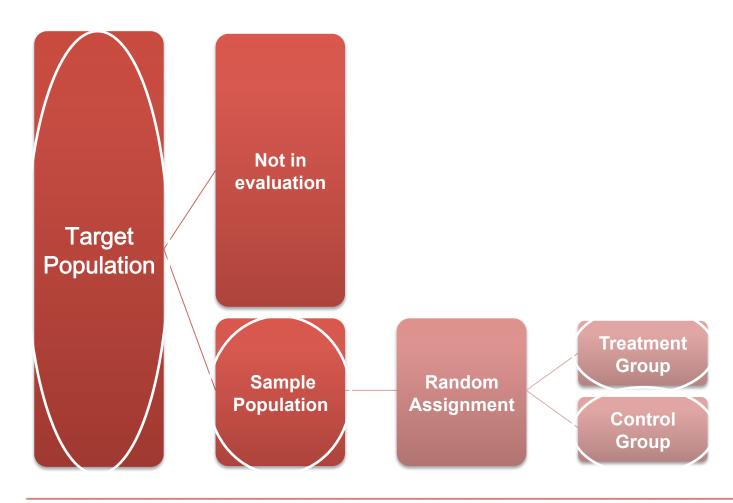
Non-random assignment into two groups



Random assignment into two groups



Basic set up of a randomized evaluation



Evaluations around the world

- 267 randomized evaluations in 45 countries
- 103 are completed and 164 ongoing

